



Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights $Equality\ without\ Exception$

Published by:

Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights

Telephone: (03) 9481 3000 Facsimile: (03) 9481 3001

Email: reception@muslimwomenscentre.org.au

Copyright Information

©2017 Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights. This material cannot be reproduced without expressed permission of AMWCHR.

ISBN 978-0-9872963-4-4

Designed by: Savanah Design



Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights Equality without Exception

Executive Committee

Tasneem Chopra

Chairperson

Yasmin Karaata

Vice Chairperson

Rasheeda Cooper

Treasurer

Marwa Khalaf (2017)

Hena Kalam (2016)

Secretary

Committee Members

Anisa Buckley

Faiza Yunus

Hena Kalam

Inaz Janif

Staff and Volunteers

Joumanah El Matrah

Chief Executive Officer

Ambreen Mirza (2016)

Dr. Nuzhat Lotia (2017)

Chief Operations Officer

Ambreen Mirza (2017)

Programs Manager

Heidi Abdel Raouf

Casework Supervisor

Gabrielle Fakhri

Sector Development and Capacity

Building Project Worker

Dr. Asha Bedar

Research, Training & Development Worker

Jaweria Khalid

Senior Groupwork Facilitator

Nadine Atia (2016)

Zohal Yusuf (2017)

Casework Coordinator

Munira Yusuf and

Ferial Glaidous

Young Women's Workers

Caitlin O'Gorman

Office Manager

Yasmin Hammoud

Administration and

Program Support

Alexandra Miftah Russ

Research Worker

Sakire Saban

Volunteer

Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights Equality without Exception

About Us

In 1991 the Islamic Women's Welfare Council of Victoria (The Council) was established by Muslim women for Muslim women. The Council was founded on the belief that meaningful change to the status of Muslim women could be achieved through the improved situation of Muslim women individually and by building their collective capacity.

In December 2012, the Council's name was changed to the Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights to better reflect the Council's significant role as a human rights defender. This change recognises the singularity of our voice and work on Muslim women's human rights across Australia.

As advocates of Muslim women's rights, we are in chorus with a multitude of Muslims all over the world supporting a vision of Islam at its most progressive, immediate and pertinent to the challenges Muslim women face. Our work in Australia contributes to the already substantial work on Muslim women's human rights taking place across the world in Muslim and non-Muslim majority countries.

How do we see the world?

For the most part, Muslim women who migrated to Australia did so as heirs of a rich, pluralistic tradition, but also as bearers of significant disadvantage, discrimination and, at times, violence. In the context of our history, Islam has been both a liberating and oppressive force in

the lives of women, influenced by the vision and limitations of patriarchal society. Historicising how Islam was understood and brought to bear on the status of women testifies to the diversity and plurality of tradition and practice: there has not been one Islam in which all Muslims have participated, but a multiplicity of Islamic interpretations in which many people have lived.

The pursuit of justice and equality for Muslim women has been present to varying degrees in all historical periods and across all cultures and societies. While this pursuit has not always resulted in structural and institutional change, it has nonetheless featured as part of Muslim women's history. Today, all over the world, Muslim women are working and mobilising for change.

This global movement for parity is relevant to Australian Muslim women, whether immigrants or daughters of immigrants, because it brings us closer to the challenge of equality in our Australian context. We seek equality not only with Muslim men but with all Australian citizens.

How does our world view influence our work?

We take a non-religious, non-sectarian approach to our work and adopt a social justice lens to Islam when it is used to justify any infringement against women. This allows us to work with all Muslim women. We believe that there is not one view of Islam that represents all Muslims in Australia and, further, that the diversity of Muslims in Australia is a strength.

Our Strategic Intent

The Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights (AMWCHR) is an organisation of Muslim women working to advance the rights and status of Muslim women in Australia.

We believe Muslim women must be the impetus for change in their status as citizens.

The Australian Muslim community is characterised by diversity and hybridity, and not by a binding vision of Islam or what it means to be Muslim. We are therefore a non-religious organisation reflecting the sectarian, cultural and linguistic diversity within the Muslim community.

As an organisation committed to Muslim women and human rights, we will intervene when Islam is used to undermine the status of Muslim women with facts and informed analysis.

Our framework of understanding is the international Muslim women's movement for equality and dignity but our action and concern is focused on the local communities in Australia where Muslim women live.

We work for the rights of Muslim women by:

- empowering women's self-determination
- bringing a human rights approach to bear on issues of inequality and disadvantage
- working with individuals, the community, and government to advocate for equality within the Australian context

We aim to inspire positive action by others and aspire to continuously enhance the quality, impact and effectiveness of our work.

What are the core areas of work we undertake?

We prioritise practical assistance for women to improve their lives in tangible and measurable ways. We work with individuals, groups and service providers in the following areas:

- case work, referrals, secondary consultation and outreach
- advocacy
- community-based programs and service delivery
- capacity building
- leadership development
- policy development
- partnership projects

We have recently established the Australian Institute for Minority Women (the Institute) to operate as the research and consultancy arm of AMWCHR. The experience of Muslim women as a minority has much in common with women's experiences from other minority groups. The Institute was created because, we believe, the expertise we formed working with Muslim women could be useful to all minority women. As well as providing an insight into the conditions and situations of minorities in Australia generally, the Institute seeks to build an alliance with other minority women in Australia as a gesture of solidarity. The Institute undertakes the following activities:

- research
- training development and delivery
- publications
- consultancy services

Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer's Report

It is with great pleasure that we present the 2017 AMWCHR Annual Report. This year has been one of considerable success for the organisation as we have continued our efforts in direct service, advocacy, research and building strategic partnerships.

The experiences of Australian Muslim women continue to define the trajectory of our work, with their strength and resilience inspiring us to strive for greater outcomes across the community. As such, we have increased our understanding of issues faced by those accessing our support and help in a range of specific welfare contexts. These include women enduring family violence, the provision of traumainformed care, women experiencing poverty and the challenges experienced by young Muslims in out-of-home care. The complexities of these latter issues have emerged via the expansion of our research base, informing our practical work in determining key welfare factors currently impacting Muslim women and children in our community.

We also continue to provide services to women impacted by international conflicts. These women are from Afghan, Iranian, Syrian, Iraqi, Oromo and Pakistani backgrounds, among others. In doing this work, it is crucial to acknowledge the role Islamophobia plays in shaping further post-settlement trauma for these women and their families. With young people in particular, the impact is significant, fostering a sense of exclusion and victimhood that has escalated mental health anxieties to record highs. AMWCHR has joined the Islamophobia Action Network this year, to

cement our commitment to responding to this vice, with a view to exposing unjust activity from institutions complicit in vilification that disenfranchises entire communities.

This year we have built new partnerships and strengthened existing ones. This has included the development of some innovative programs like Parenting for Peace, Respectful Relationships, and youth-led initiatives on human rights. In delivering our work, we have strengthened existing and formed new partnerships with small community-based groups and organisations as well as mainstream services. We also continue to provide secondary consultations where mainstream services seek our expertise in working with diverse communities.

We wish to commend our COO Nuzhat Lotia and the amazing staff and volunteers of AMWCHR who have worked tirelessly to address key concerns of Australian Muslim women. In an increasingly combative climate for this community, the team at AMWCHR are poised to deal with the ongoing challenges, through the support of a dedicated board, and various funding bodies who acknowledge the critical work we undertake in servicing the culturally specific needs of this vulnerable cohort. On behalf of the Board and the staff of AMWCHR, we offer a heartfelt thanks to all our supporters, and to the women themselves, hardworking champions that they are. Their resilience inspires us to do better every day.

Tasneem ChopraChair – AMWCHR

Joumanah El Matrah CEO









Some AMWCHR Board and Staff members

Strengthening social connections

Service users: 100

Supporting and empowering women towards self-reliance and independence:

Service users: 3,551

Forging partnerships and networks:

Partnerships and networks: **91**

Bringing a community perspective through community consultations:

Service users: 110

Our numbers for 2016-17

1,727 services delivered
6,973 community
members and organisations
who accessed our
services

Transforming community leadership

Service users: 775

Reaching out through the media, publications and community events:

Service users: 511

Supporting others in service delivery

Secondary consultations: **114**

Building sector capacity

Trainings on Islam and Muslims, Early and Forced Marriage and Islam and Family Violence:

Service users: 1,822

Projects

AMWCHR has continued to expand on its specialised programs and services which include community capacity building, youth leadership, mainstream sector capacity building, case management and specialist research on issues specific to Muslim women. In the last financial year programs and services were delivered in various locations across Melbourne, regional Victoria and interstate. A core aspect of AMWCHR's work is working with groups of women of all ages and backgrounds. Our faith in the power of groups, of women coming together and voicing their concerns, sharing feelings, supporting each other and collectively finding solutions grows stronger with each passing year. We continue to ensure the currency and relevance of our programs and expertise through our dedicated commitment to ongoing action research, informed by the experiences and voices of the community we represent.

Many of the projects and programs delivered by AMWCHR involved collaborations with external stakeholders including all tiers of government, academic institutions, the education and justice sectors, mainstream service providers, other not-for-profit organisations and community-based organisations. AMWCHR established partnerships or collaborated with over 40 external stakeholder agencies during the last financial year. The ongoing demand for AMWCHR's unique expertise is evident in the breadth of stakeholders and locations where we have delivered programs. In recognising the importance of building the capacity of Muslim community workers and leaders, AMWCHR worked closely with multicultural and bilingual Muslim community workers to implement projects, thus building their skills and helping them gain recognition in their communities. As a result, some of them have been able to gain employment in the community sector.



AMWCHR event participants

Projects

Children and Parenting Services

The impact of migration on families is profound and continues well beyond the initial five years of settlement. On the one hand, there is hope for a better life, an escape from the difficult, often dangerous circumstances they have left behind; on the other, there are the very real challenges of raising children in a new country, a new culture with vastly different systems, values and practices, away from a familiar social support system. Experiences of past trauma and/or of racism in the host country further compound the process of adjustment. Support in this context is crucial for women who bear much of the parenting burden, and can go a long way in improving their overall wellbeing.

The Cornerstones project thus aims to improve child development outcomes and wellbeing by supporting mothers who are disadvantaged and vulnerable as a result of these compounding factors. Migrant Muslim women of diverse backgrounds have always had significant concerns about parenting, and therefore this issue is a major part of our groupwork services,

which provide support to participants through interactive sessions. These sessions created a space for parents to voice their concerns and anxieties around parenting, to interact with and learn from other parents and to learn new parenting skills and strategies to support child development, as well as their own wellbeing. These groups served as a safe space for parents to openly discuss their concerns, and special care was taken to ensure everyone was heard. including the few fathers who attended. The feedback from the groups has been extremely positive, with parents reporting that the sessions helped them to understand and confidently support their children in meaningful ways. During the sessions, participants demonstrated the skills they had learnt to develop closer relationships with their children and engage them in activities. The children also appeared to have improved their social skills by the end of the groupwork program, and interacted more with other children. These are all notable and significant tangible outcomes for the project.

Settlement Services Program (SSP)

AMWCHR continued to provide settlement support to newly arrived Muslim women, as they face the challenges of adjusting to a new country and cultural context, and making new lives for themselves.

The settlement work focuses on supporting Muslim women by promoting economic and personal wellbeing, independence and connectedness within the communities we work with, particularly in Melbourne, Goulburn and Mallee. Building knowledge, confidence and self-

reliance allows women to access mainstream services for their needs, including pathways to learning English, education and employment readiness. A comprehensive range of strategies enables this: consultation with community; information sessions and workshops; radio programs and media presence; promotion, advocacy and networking; events such as conferences, expos and recreation days; study skills for young women; training for mainstream services; and collaborative work.





Parenting Program

Parenting Program

The Parenting Program plays a central role in supporting newly arrived women through groupwork support, awareness and education. Often newly arrived Muslim women face many obstacles as they undertake their parenting responsibilities in a new country because of limited access to and awareness of support services that may assist them in their role as parents. This program aims to provide practical parenting support by helping mothers better understand family, health and educational support services, as well as strategies for effective communication and building healthy parent-child relationships. Participants in our parenting program over the last year have reported an almost immediate improvement in their own relationships with their children through increased empathy, and expressed a need for similar work with fathers.

Farsi-speaking mothers in the Whittlesea Community Connection group reported that the information, guidance and support they had received in the group helped them deal with their parenting anxieties in a new culture, allowing them to better manage the issues they face. The friendships that continue to grow out of the group are also a great source of strength for participants. In the Dandenong group, the mothers benefitted most from learning around developing routines for children, the negative effects of physical punishment and the law. Many of the women said that they were now spending more quality time with their children in activities such as gardening, household chores and visits to the park and library, and that this was significantly improving their relationships. For the Mildura mothers, it was important that fathers also be involved, particularly for the sessions around understanding cultural issues, which they found extremely useful. Shepparton participants found the information about the education system and schools the most useful.

Projects

Supporting and Building Muslim Mothers

The overall purpose of this project is to provide settlement support to eligible migrants and humanitarian entrants during their first five years in Australia to enable them to become fully-functioning and self-reliant members of society. The project also aims to maximise productive diversity and social cohesion.

During the year, 343 women participated in and benefitted from this program, through increased understanding, learning and interaction with other women. The diverse nature of the participants involved in this project and the wide scope of the activities means that every group has a unique experience of learning. For many of the newly arrived women who attended the Arabic-speaking Whittlesea Community Connection group, this was invaluable as it was the only time they left the house and focused on themselves. It allowed them to socialise, gain confidence and reflect on healthy relationships and parenting. In Geelong, the participants benefitted most from learnings on mental health. Additionally, this created a space in which participants, who were predominantly single mothers, could voice their concerns, share common experiences and gain strength from each other during the settlement process.

Casework Support and Advocacy

Through AMWCHR's well-established relationships with service providers and unique role within the Muslim community, the casework program has supported over sixty women in their settlement process this financial year. Assisting women to stabilise and enhance their lives by gaining access to support and opportunities can help address the deep impacts of living with inequality, violence and disadvantage.

Our clientele come from a broad range of cultural, ethnic and linguistic contexts and are predominantly settling on refugee, humanitarian and family visas. Most referrals to casework came through social services or community organisations as well as some personal networks and self-referrals. Women contacted our service from Melbourne and

throughout Victoria but in particular from the Moreland, Greater Dandenong, Whittlesea and Casev areas.

The issues we address include: poverty; unemployment and lack of opportunity; understanding rights, laws and responsibilities; housing challenges; Islamic divorce; marriage mediation; family violence; mental health care; and early/forced marriage. Our casework services aim to support Muslim women to be independent and have the knowledge, skills and confidence to socially contribute through parenting, working and connecting with community. We assist women to engage and navigate mainstream services that can effectively develop individual and collective capacity.



Projects

As newly-arrived Muslim women develop their skills and capacity, they can go on to support their families and each other, becoming a strong collective that provides vital networks for new and existing communities. Over the year, the casework program partnered with many organisations, either to receive clients for focused support and strategies for dealing with crisis and/or everyday challenges, or to refer women into mainstream organisations that can assist in meeting their urgent needs. This

facilitated engagement can aid trusting and enriching relationships between Muslim women and the mainstream service sector.

This program also provides invaluable support to the sector through secondary consultations. Diverse organisations such as educational institutions, hospitals, and community organisations have enhanced their services for Muslim women by being better informed about cultural contexts and understanding, as a result of our secondary consultation work.

Young Women's Program

AMWCHR has been approached by a number of schools seeking assistance in the delivery of settlement support to newly arrived students. The Young Women's Program provides general settlement support for newly arrived young Muslim women, through consultations and focused information sessions exploring the specific issues and needs of each group. 'Living in Australia' sessions utilise strengths-based work addressing the very early stages of settlement; leadership sessions look to the future roles young Muslims can play for themselves and the community; peer support and study skills sessions equip our young people with skills to help in their education and goals.

Over this past year young women engaging with these sessions have expressed fear about their futures and that of their families and a sense of isolation in many challenges they face. Going through adolescence while managing their intercultural lives is hard work. The topics covered aimed to support young women's health and enhance their sense of hope, self-

esteem, wellbeing and self-care. Topics included healthy relationships, Australian laws and rights, career development, goal setting, the Australian education system, communication, conflict resolution skills and more.

The leadership programs and peer support sessions offer these young woman invaluable opportunities to see relatable role models and learn about how young Muslims have created meaningful lives for themselves in Australian contexts. Young women who were previous participants of AMWCHR leadership programs came to meet other young women in peer support sessions to discuss their roles and social contribution to the school community through social participation such as student representative roles, highlighting day-to-day action that can help to build social cohesion and provides a vital voice for young Muslim women. Through these programs students have made recommendations to their school on how to be more culturally sensitive to their needs, promoting inclusion and mutual



Young Women's Program participants

respect. Student suggestions included crosscultural training for teachers and utilising school assemblies as a platform to express identity and share experiences with the broader school community. The most important learning for young Muslim women is that they can advocate for themselves and their peers.

Muslim Youth Leadership

AMWCHR through its Young Women's Program has also been invited to a number of schools to support communities by facilitating dialogues on issues of identity, racism and discrimination. Sessions on these issues were delivered to young people from 18 different cultural, linguistic and ethnic backgrounds, in various settings including English language schools, mainstream public schools and Muslim schools in Melbourne and regional Victoria. The connections made and opportunities created are impressive. Across diverse backgrounds, themes arose

that showed many young Muslims feeling alienated and unheard. Many expressed feeling caught between political dialogues, inequality, racism and social/cultural expectations. The receptiveness to these sessions, the powerful dialogues generated and the improved sense of hopefulness reported back to facilitators is testimony to the important work being done.

These programs provided powerful opportunities for young people to voice their personal challenges and gain insight through self-

Projects

awareness and human rights frameworks, unpacking concepts of power and privilege, and developing natural leadership skills. Young people who took part in the program reported an increase in their confidence to tackle issues such as their sense of identity, community, and empowerment as well as skills for leadership, communication, conflict resolution and peace building.

Community Language Radio Programs

AMWCHR finds using community language radio to reach out to the larger Muslim community, including men, a very successful community education and awareness-raising strategy. The radio programs developed and aired over the year addressed the issues of early/forced

marriage, family violence and Islamophobia while also focusing on educating the community about Australian legal frameworks covering each of these. The feedback received from listeners has been very positive and validates the need for more such awareness-raising.

Parenting for Peace

The Parenting for Peace project was developed, rooted strongly in the belief that women must play a significant role in all peace-building efforts, and that this is currently a relatively unrecognised resource. The project therefore aims to work with Muslim mothers to help them develop skills and tools that consciously incorporate values of peace, justice and equality into their parenting style and interactions with young children. During the initial focus groups that informed the development of the project, women highlighted a lack of information and understanding around peace-related concepts. They wanted to build skills to promote peace and address conflict with their children, through reflecting on their families' pre-migration experiences and challenging personal attitudes that are barriers to peace, such as social biases and prejudices towards certain groups. The final modules that have been developed contain three main components: self-awareness (selfreflection, identity, personal attitudes, etc); socio-political awareness and knowledge (diversity, human rights, peace, conflict, gender); skills and behaviour (talking to children, tools to help children reflect on peace and diversity, teaching children peace behaviours, promoting peace values in the community through mothers). Discussions on peace values and how to teach children peace were highly appreciated by the women.

The Parenting for Peace project is being implemented as a series of regular, interactive group sessions with mothers of young children, and is divided into two parts. The first constitutes the delivery of Module 1 (basic level), consisting of 6–10 sessions with each group of women, focusing on developing mothers' awareness and skills in order to instil peace values in their children. Module 2 (advanced level) is run with a selected group of women

who show leadership potential, to further develop their awareness and skills in promoting peace values in the community through their peers, thereby contributing to community development. The focus on self-awareness is an essential component, allowing participants to explore, reflect on and ultimately challenge social attitudes that contribute to racism, cultural conflict, human rights abuses and violence such as prejudice (including their own) and negative stereotyping. The flexible and holistic approach of the modules adds strength to the project, allowing for new learning and creative techniques to be added as and when needed.

A special, innovative feature of this project is the development and use of a pictorial toolkit to aid mothers in having conversations with little children in a safe and child-friendly way about peace and peace values such as diversity, equality and compassion. The toolkit comprises of 21 images - 15 of these depict children and adults from diverse backgrounds demonstrating peace values by interacting positively with each other in a range of settings. These settings show equal gender relations, compassion towards the elderly and disabled, caring for animals and the environment, and friendship among diverse groups. Other images in the toolkit depict healthy and unhealthy social behaviours to generate a conversation on such interactions and their impact. The feedback about the cards has been overwhelmingly positive, with some schools enlarging the cards and using them as posters with positive messaging to display around the school.



A total of 16 sessions have been conducted with mothers, primarily from Afghan, Indian, Pakistani, and Iranian backgrounds. The feedback has been very positive and encouraging, with participants reporting improvements in three areas. Firstly, in their awareness of human rights, peace and peace values, in particular the impact of the home

Projects

environment, family messages and attitudes (such as prejudice) on children's world views and social behaviour. Secondly, there was greater understanding of gender-based discrimination

as well as the importance of gender equality in creating an equitable and just society. Lastly, and importantly, they had more confidence in addressing these issues with their children.

Young Muslims for Peace and Human Rights

This program takes a multilayered approach to Muslim students' experiences of exclusion and alienation, while building capacity in areas of leadership, social participation and advocacy.

The program is a response to the increase in anti-Muslim rhetoric in the Australian community. Young Muslims have voiced their concerns and confusion about being targeted for being Muslim and being racially vilified. Often schools and communities are not resourced to deal with the emerging issues around adolescent identity, religious identity, racism, discrimination and social inclusion in a meaningful way. In this regard, the project explored issues that are important to young Muslims, and helped them to develop strategies to support and improve their self-esteem and positive identity formation. The program also worked with teachers and parents to develop their capacity to support their young people and voice the challenges they face in educating and offering guidance.

The program was run throughout the year at East Preston Islamic College, and included two highly successful camps, one for young Muslim men and one for young Muslim women. Sessions offered personal development and

creative ways to unpack issues and experiences through physical and mental challenge. There were also creative sessions including meditation, art therapy, self-care, survivor challenges, kickboxing and martial arts, and creative writing. Gendered identities and expectations were challenged in activities that gave young people the chance to see different strengths and characters come to the fore. Relationships developed between students, facilitators and teachers in these bonding processes and have impacted back in the school community, creating greater understandings and respect. Following on from the camps monthly sessions were held covering topics such as team building, self-care and self-awareness, confidence, behavioural change, emotional intelligence and communication skills.

Through creating a safe space, dialogue and representation with these young people, there is a developed understanding of the importance of social contribution, advocacy and self-belief. The students and teachers report dramatically improved relationships and understanding of each other, reducing conflict and dysfunction within peer groups, classrooms and the broader school community.







Camp activities for Young Muslims for Peace and Human Rights project participants

Muslim Women and Respectful Relationships

This pilot project, funded by the Department of Premier and Cabinet, sought to tackle early and/ or forced marriage and family violence directly, with a focus on improving civic and legal literacy on these issues, both for migrant Muslim women and for service providers. The holistic approach of the project links various forms of discrimination and abuse to the broader concept of family violence as a gender issue.

The project is guided by an experienced advisory group with members from Multicultural Centre for Women's Health, Women's Legal Service of Victoria, Northern Legal Service and Arabic Welfare Inc. Three groupwork modules (two for women – older and younger – and one for service providers) have been developed as part of this project.

Sixteen service providers participated in the training, including women's legal service social workers, lawyers, paralegals and community educators. Service providers reported very

limited knowledge of the issue of early and/or forced marriage, with the media being the most common source of information on the issue and the Muslim community in general.

Nine girls from Afghan and Somali backgrounds, studying at North Geelong Secondary College, also participated in the program. These sessions aimed at increasing their understanding of all forms of abuse and family violence, as well as their knowledge of their rights, the law and services. A similar workshop was conducted with fourteen Afghan women in Dandenong on issues of family violence and early and/or forced marriage. Many of these women, like many other groups with whom we work, had been in Australia for years and yet had little understanding of their rights, of family violence and of options for support. Such workshops, therefore, are important sources of learning, reflection and confidence, and for making an impact.

Projects

Celebrating Muslim Women's Skills and Talents

"I felt first time after coming from Afghanistan that I am in my family. Thankyou AMWCHR for a very warm welcome and opportunity to meet with all women."

Many of the women we work with come from refugee backgrounds; many of them have endured great hardships before making Australia home – grief and loss, armed conflict and war, persecution, displacement and trauma are not strangers to them. The emotional burden of their difficult and traumatic pasts, along with the struggle of settling into a new country, can make their lives hard. Social isolation, anxiety, fear, depression and preoccupation with the practical concerns of living leaves them no time for – nor even awareness of – the need to take care of their own wellbeing.

AMWCHR hosted an International Women's Day celebration with eighty women from Afghan, Iranian, Pakistani, Lebanese, Syrian and Iraqi backgrounds. The event provided an opportunity for them to seek inspiration, socialise with other women, and, most importantly, to take a break from their daily struggles, focus on themselves and have fun!

The event provided a range of entertaining and relaxing activities such as henna painting, arts and crafts and yoga. The activities were a great success, with all the women participating enthusiastically. The day ended with them singing and dancing to music from their cultures.

The feedback was overwhelmingly positive. The women reported that it had been a wonderful day for them – a relief from the pressures

of daily life, an opportunity to meet other women from similar as well as different ethnic backgrounds and diverse areas of the city, a chance to shut out the hard world outside for just a day and focus on themselves, their own health and wellbeing. This celebration provided a space for the women to be themselves, and an opportunity to gain positive energy and the motivation to take their lives forward despite all the hardships they face. Given the overwhelmingly positive response, we hope that we can make this a regular activity in the future.



Preparing for Celebrating Muslim Women's Skills and Talents event













Participants at Celebrating Muslim Women's Skills and Talents event



What women are saying

"This was an absolutely amazing and fun program. Throughout all the different activities and conversations. I was engaged and soaking everything up like a sponge. Thank you so much for this opportunity." — Young Woman's Radio Program participant.

"Beforehand
I knew only what
the media would say.
I knew nothing! It has
completely and greatly
contributed to my lack of
knowledge." — Training
participant.

"Just to
let you know
we're on track
now." — Casework
client.

"Much clearer understanding of Islam, the history of practices and differences across nationalities and sects." — Training participant.

"Thank
you for your help.
If it wasn't for your
service, I wouldn't be
where I am today."

Caseworkclient

"Now I
know that when
I am stressed, I
should not take it out
on my children." —
Parenting program
participant.

"This program
was really good,
it taught me to be
confident and feel good
about myself, I even tell my
sister about the program."

 Young woman taking part in Leadership Program.

"I learnt that
being passive all the
time is not the best. All
our life we are told that
women need to be quiet."

Building mother's capacity program participant.

"Parenting
has become
easier for me. I have
some guidelines and
know how to tackle
issues." — Parenting
for Peace program
participant.

"Before I
was worried about
my kids' education, but
now I know that as long
as they are happy and a
respectful person, even if they
are artists, I will be happy."

Parenting for Peace program participant.

"I used to
be angrier, now I
know how to control
my anger better."

— Building mother's
capacity program

Research

Over the last few years, AMWCHR has been steadily building its capacity in research, aiming to better understand the dynamics of how Muslim women and their families are affected by their psychosocial issues within the current socio-political context. In the last year, we have undertaken four research projects.

New Lives in Old Communities

For several years – because of anecdotal information about their vulnerable situation – AMWCHR has been concerned about young Muslims living in out-of-home care (OOHC) arrangements. Despite the fact that a large number of children from diverse backgrounds go through the system, there is a serious dearth of information about them, their numbers and their challenges. We also know that issues related to diversity and religious identity continue to present significant challenges for the OOHC sector, which struggles to consistently provide appropriate, effective and sustained care to children from diverse backgrounds.

Funded by the Sidney Myer Fund, AMWCHR committed itself to learning more about the issue, to better understand the challenges and to improve service delivery to young people in the system. Specifically, the study included an assessment of our organisational capacity to support young Muslims in the sector, of existing

resources for carers in the sector, and of the challenges faced by the young people as well as by the service providers. We also aimed to assist the sector to build its capacity to provide better, more effective and inclusive services. Findings from the research helped significantly in the development of an information booklet for young Muslims, as well as two additional brochures for service providers and carers.



Fostering Family Resilience in Muslim Families: Developing a Flexible Modular Approach

Supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet, the Fostering Family Resilience in Muslim Families (FRMF) research project aims to develop and implement a pilot group prevention program to improve family resilience and the wellbeing, sense of belonging and

capacity for community engagement of young people and parents from a Muslim and migrant background. The project is being conducted in collaboration with Phoenix Australia – Centre for Posttraumatic Mental Health and is designed to be implemented in two phases. The first phase

considers factors that influence family resilience in Muslim families, through a series of focus group discussions with Muslim parents, children and community leaders. The second phase involves developing a pilot group prevention program, designed to foster family resilience and wellbeing. The pilot will be based on recognised family resilience models and will consider factors impacting on family resilience which have been identified by the Muslim community. Development of the program will include an evaluation of the model.

Understanding the Cycle of Poverty Experienced by Muslim women

With the support of the Reichstein Foundation, AMWCHR conducted qualitative research exploring Muslim women's experiences, challenges and responses to poverty.

Over a number of months, in-depth interviews were held with service providers, as well as an online survey. A focus group and in-depth interviews were also carried out with women from diverse backgrounds, ages and marital/family situations (all with refugee and migrant backgrounds), who are settling in Melbourne and currently experiencing poverty.

We found that Muslim women, due to their politicisation, can be considered a group experiencing 'a unique isolation', which can be a barrier to engagement with services and supportive relationships. We also found that poverty heightens pre-existing conditions/ experiences such as trauma, social exclusion, health and mental health issues and disadvantage. Living in poverty limits women's access to basic human rights such as safe/ stable accommodation, education, health and opportunity. This also applies to their

dependants, including children and elderly. When coupled with settlement in a new country, poverty is a common experience, highly traumatic for many.



Understanding the Cycle of Poverty Experienced by Muslim Women research process

We have developed recommendations to respond to systemic issues in addressing Muslim women's needs and we had the privilege of recording the processes of resistance and survival that women practise in their everyday lives to survive poverty.

Research

Increasing Access to Trauma-informed Care for CALD and Muslim Women Affected by Violence

The trauma-informed care project has been funded by the Helen Macpherson Smith Trust, and is being conducted in collaboration with Phoenix Australia – Centre for Posttraumatic Mental Health. The project aims to investigate barriers and facilitators to accessing trauma-informed care for women from culturally and linguistically diverse (CALD) and Muslim backgrounds who have experienced interpersonal violence. The study begins with exploring CALD women's experience of

help-seeking and service providers' practices across a range of sectors including health and community support, through a series of focus group discussions with CALD (primarily Muslim) women and a survey of service providers. The second phase involves an assessment of the implementation of a trauma-informed model of care adapted to the needs of CALD women. The implementation will involve the provision of training and consultations with staff in Geelong agencies.



Small Projects

Muslim Girls – Better Futures

Westpac Foundation funded the Young Women's Program (YWP) to work at Narre Warren South P–12 College, a lead partner in the Respectful Relationships training. YWP jumped at the chance to contribute a culturally sensitive exploration of the work already being done, helping young women to think critically about their cultural constructs of love, partnerships and ideas about their future. Young women responded energetically to the material and the opportunity to have honest, open discussions and reflect critically.

For many young Muslim women, marriage is part of their future goals and through these modules, young women were supported to explore when and how they would like this to happen and why they see this as an important part of their futures. The sessions also helped participants to think about the impacts of marriage and how it will relate to other hopes and goals for their futures. The Young Women's Program has been privileged to enter into deep and trusting discussions on these subjects. The ability to do this comes from the unique place the YWP takes in educational and cultural dialogue for young Muslims in and around Melbourne.

Preparing for a Better Future: Muslim Young Women's Education Program

Darebin Council funded consultations at the Charles La Trobe College, aimed at developing a program that responded to the needs of young Muslims, to discuss racism, religious discrimination and intergenerational/intercultural disconnection.

For the first time, the Young Women's Program has begun working with young Muslim men alongside young Muslim women, in a step

towards creating meaningful understandings of gender equality, social and cultural constructs of gender roles and essential human rights, all of which we believe can genuinely affect social change. These vital interventions into young Muslims' lives – creating space to know self and surrounds, and identify and strategise social and cultural pressures – is aiding participants to face their issues, personally and collectively.

Small Projects

Respect, Responsibility, Resilience: Muslim Women Exploring Relationship Dynamics in a New Country

This project, supported by the City of Greater Dandenong, took a holistic approach to addressing the issue of early and/or forced marriage, and aimed to increase Muslim women's self and social awareness, thereby preventing early and/or forced marriage. The project was run with twenty-eight women, as a two-day workshop, divided into two stages.

The first stage focused on the women at a personal level, developing their self-awareness, self-worth and confidence as women and community leaders. The second stage aimed to build social awareness on the issue of early

and/or marriage and related factors (gender and family violence) and challenging harmful attitudes. The sessions enabled women to view how gender roles and responsibilities are central to the impact culture and society have on women and marital relationships, as well as how women are disadvantaged and discriminated against because of these gender expectations. Participants gained conceptual clarity on definitions, forms and impact of abuse, and on laws and services that can support women. Very positive feedback emerged, with participants reporting their learning had been both at a personal and a professional level.

Respect, Resilience, Responsibility

Supported by the Moreland City Council, this project aimed to provide a space for women to receive information on respectful relationships and family violence in a safe and non-threatening way, including information on law and support services. Forty-four women participated in group sessions, which were attended by guest speakers from InTouch – the Multicultural Centre against Family Violence and the Northern Community Legal Centre,

who provided information about their services. There was immense interest and participation in the sessions, with a large number of women asking questions and sharing their experiences. Since the completion of the group work, there have been continued requests from the women's group to do more work with them around family violence and parenting issues in the Moreland area.

Evaluating the Muslim Women's Respectful Relationships Project

AMWCHR was funded by VicHealth to undertake an evaluation of a pilot of the Muslim Women and Respectful Relationships project. AMWCHR staff participated in a one-day training workshop to develop a shared understanding of the key elements of the Change the Story framework and to build staff capacity in the use of the framework to undertake evidence-

based evaluation of the project's impact and outcomes. During the workshop, staff collectively developed a Theory of Change for the Muslim Women and Respectful Relationships project consistent with the Change the Story framework. This was then used to develop an evaluation plan and tools.

Sector Development, Education and Training

Delivery of training and education sessions continues to be a key component of our work. Workers from various organisations and services have participated in our training sessions. These sessions seek to improve service delivery to Muslim communities and are an important part of our capacity-building strategy.

We conducted a number of training sessions for the Australian Federal Police in Canberra, which provided information on diversity within the Muslim community and Islam, which were very well received. We also conducted five training sessions for the Attorney General's Department in five major cities across Australia. In the last year, education and training have taken AMWCHR to rural Victoria – Moe, Mildura and Bendigo – as well as Wagga Wagga in rural NSW. Evaluations from all of these workshops have been extremely positive, with participants appreciating the extra time allowed for discussions and questions.

At a glance

المالية عزارات	2016–2017		
Individual support to women	1311		
Secondary consultations	115		
Groupwork sessions	141		
Participants	1887		
Peer support sessions	8		
Participants	100		
Leadership workshop sessions	66		
Participants	775		
Education/training/presentations	icing a413 51291		
Participants	1822		
Community consultations	8		
Participants	ture 110 8000		
Information sessions	16		
Participants	218		
Study skills sessions	9		
Participants	135		
Community Events	5		
Participants	500		
Networking meetings	73		
Radio Programs	7		

Media

'Real Talk: The Lives of Arab Women'
The Wheeler Centre

www.wheelercentre.com/broadcasts/podcasts/ the-wheeler-centre/real-talk-the-lives-of-arabwomen



'Patriot shame: new citizens deserve respect, not contempt' The Guardian

www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2017/jun/15/patriot-shame-new-citizens-deserve-respect-not-contempt

'Terrorism has changed. Blaming Islam is blinding us to the new reality' *The Guardian* www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2017/ jun/15/terrorism-has-changed-blaming-islam-is-

blinding-us-to-the-new-reality

'Brexit, the Australia-China extradition treaty & ACTU's call for \$45/week increase to the minimum wage' ABC The Drum

www.abc.net.au/news/2017-03-29/the-drum-wednesday-march-29/8398584



'Women of Hizb ut-Tahrir video is alarming – and based on misconception' *The Guardian* www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2017/apr/15/women-of-hizb-ut-tahrir-video-is-

'Yassmin Abdel-Magied said nothing wrong. She should not have to face this venom' The Guardian

alarming-and-based-on-misconception

www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2017/ feb/21/yassmin-abdel-magied-said-nothingwrong-she-should-not-have-to-face-this-venom

Advisory Committees, Networks and Consultations

- The Annual National Roundtable on Human Trafficking and Slavery, Australian Government Attorney General's Department
- 2. AMES Australia: HSS Local Area Coordination
- 3. Moreland Multicultural and Settlement Services Network
- 4. Hume Multicultural Workers Network
- 5. North East Region Settlement Planning
- 6. Victorian Forced Marriage Network
- 7. Whittlesea Settlement Planning Committee
- 8. Victoria Police Muslim Reference Group
- 9. Family Relationship Centre Cultural Consultative Group
- 10. Community Resilience Community of Practice Group, Department of Premier and Cabinet

Special thanks

Our donors

Department of Social Services (DSS)

City of Greater Dandenong

City of Darebin

Department of Premier and Cabinet

Helen Macpherson Smith Trust

Lord Mayor's Charitable Foundation

Moreland City Council

R E Ross Trust

Reichstein Foundation

Sidney Myer Fund

Scanlon Foundation

Vic Health

Victorian Multicultural Commission (VMC)

Westpac Foundation

Our collaborating organisations

3CR Community Radio

Adult Multicultural Education Service (AMES)

Afghan Program SBS Radio

Afghan Women's Association of Victoria

African Women Australia (AWAU)

African Women's Council of Australia (AWCoA)

AMES Dandenong

Anti-Slavery Australia, University of Technology

Sydney

Arabic Program SBS Radio

Arabic Welfare Inc.

Asylum Seeker Resource Centre (ASRC)

Australian Catholic Religious Against Trafficking in

Humans (ACRATH)

Australian Federal Police

Australian International Academy (AIA)

Ballarat Community Health Service

Ballarat Regional Multicultural Council

Barwon CASA

Barwon Child, Youth and Family

Bendigo Health

Benevolence Australia

Broadmeadows English Language School

Catholic Care Dandenong

Centrelink

Charles La Trobe P-12 College

Child FIRST (DHS)

Child Protection (DHHS)

Chisholm Institute

City of Darebin

Co-Health North Melbourne

Dandenong North Primary School

Dandenong South Primary School

Dandenong West Primary School

Darebin Community Health Centre (DCH)

Deakin University

Dianella Community Health

Diversitat

Doveton College

East Preston Islamic College (EPIC)

Ethnic Communities Council of Victoria (ECCV)

Ethnic Council of Shepparton and District

Family and Reproductive Rights Education Program

(FARREP)

Fawkner Community House

Family Relationship Centre Broadmeadows

Foundation House

Gippsland Multicultural Services

Goulburn Ovens Institute of TAFE (GOTAFE)

Shepparton

Special thanks

Halal Food Project

Headspace

Hume Central Secondary College

InTouch Multicultural Centre Against Family

Violence

Islamic Council of Victoria (ICV)
Islamic College of Melbourne
Kildonan Uniting Care Shepparton

Plenty Valley Community Health

Launch Housing

Lyndale Secondary College Mallee Family Care (MFC)

Maternal and Child Health Service (through Mildura

Rural City Council) McGuire College

Merri Community Health Services Mildura English Language Centre

Mildura Rural City Council

Multicultural Centre for Women's Health (MCWH)

Myriad Consultants

Narre Warren South P-12 College

Neami National

New Hope Foundation (NHF)

Newbury Child and Community Centre Noble Park English Language School North Geelong Secondary College Northern Community Legal Centre

NSW Department of Family and Community

Services

Orygen Youth Health
Pascoe Vale Girls College

Phoenix Australia: Centre for Posttraumatic Mental

Health

Reach Foundation

River Nile Learning Centre

Roxburgh Park Secondary College

Royal Women's Hospital

Salvation Army

Stand up

Settlement Council of Australia

Sirius College

Southern Migrant Resource Centre

Spectrum Migrant Resource Centre (MRC)

Broadmeadows

Spectrum Migrant Resource Centre (MRC) Preston Sunraysia Mallee Ethnic Communities Council

(SMECC)

TAFE Mildura

Virgin Mary Mosque

Victorian Cooperative on Children's Services for

Ethnic Groups (VICSEG)

Victoria Police

Whittlesea Community Connections (WCC)

Women's Information and Referral Exchange (WIRE)

Women's Health in the North (WHIN)

Women's Health West

Women's Legal Service Victoria

Yarra Community Housing

	2017	2016
Current Assets	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at Bank	714,397	458,323
Term Deposit	265,730	260,944
	980,127	719,267
Trade and Other Receivables		
Accounts Receivable	44,027	1,400
Prepayments	1,236	_
Security Bond	10,002	10,001
	55,265	11,401
Total Current Assets	1,035,392	730,668
Non-Current Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Office Equipment – at Cost	19,359	15,367
Less: Provision for Depreciation	(11,229)	(9,908)
	8,130	5,459
Total Non-Current Assets	8,130	5,459
Total Assets	1,043,522	736,127

	2017	2016
Current Liabilities	\$	\$
Trade and Other Payable		
Accounts Payable	22,120	14,775
Accrued Expenses	2,075	1,452
GST Payable	21,485	45,919
PAYG Withholding Tax Payable	7,356	5,886
Superannuation Payable	16,207	13,692
	69,243	81,724
Deferred Income		
Grants Received in Advance	519,593	297,640
	519,593	297,640
Employment Entitlement Provisions		
Provision for Annual Leave	56,190	57,007
Provision for Long Service Leave	72,120	68,695
Provision for Time in Lieu	5,335	_
	133,645	125,703
Total Current Liabilities	722,481	505,067
Non-Current Liabilities		
Employment Entitlement Provisions		
Provision for Long Service Leave	_	_
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	-
Total Liabilities	722,481	505,067
Net Assets	321,041	231,060
Equity		
Accumulated Members Funds	321,041	231,060
	321,041	231,060

	2017	2016
Income	\$	\$
Grant Income	960,236	716,544
Project Management & Admin. Reimbursements	-	_
Donations	150	30
Insurance Claim Received	2,656	_
Interest received	5,033	5,966
Management Fees	88,605	_
Membership Fees	60	20
Sundry Income	_	27,672
Training	17,375	9,370
Total Income	1,074,115	759,602
	2017	2016
Expenditure	\$	\$
Staff Salaries, Wages & Oncost		
Salaries & Wages	546,277	479,043
Superannuation Contributions	50,299	66,268
Salary Oncosts	23,533	_
Employee Leave Entitlements – Annual Leave	_	17,188
Employee Leave Entitlements – Long Service Leave	_	4,193
	620,109	566,691
Premises Expenses		
Rent & Rates	40,580	29,950
Cleaning	_	_
Utilities Costs	11,963	8,944
Office Relocation	_	850
	52,543	39,743

	2017	2016
Expenditure	\$	\$
Staff Related Expenses		
Catering	9,837	12,101
Other Employment Costs	88,992	10,669
Recruitment	_	2,000
Staff Amenities	1,112	1,379
Staff Travel	43,316	31,359
Training Costs	5,671	3,155
	148,928	60,662
Communications Expenses		
Telephone	-	-
Office Overhead Expenses		
AGM Expenses	2,832	4,735
IT & Software Costs	8,455	8,833
Office Expenses	9,780	6,960
Postage	-	-
Printing/Photocopy/Fax3	_	_
	21,067	20,528
Insurance	9,570	19,402
Finance, Audit & Accounting Fees		
Accounting & Audit Fees	31,690	15,894
Administration Support Fee	300	-
Bank Charges	295	261
Interest Paid	231	_
	32,516	16,155
Memberships, Resources & Subscriptions		
Publications/Subscriptions/Membership	77	-
Resources	23,268	2,200
	23,345	2,200

Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights Inc. ABN 57 347 235 363

	2017	2016
Expenditure	\$	\$
Programming and Planning		
Camp Expenses	11,917	_
Childcare	_	2,041
Evaluation Expenses	11,000	5,000
Expert Advise Co-development	14,848	_
Interpreting & Translation Costs	209	1,000
Interviews With Women	1,134	_
Maintenance	-	_
Marketing & Promotions	4,703	3,972
Project Management Costs	-	45,228
Sessional Expenses	29,013	9,673
Venue Hire	1,912	8,633
	74,736	75,547
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	1,320	598
Total Expenditure	984,134	801,527
Net surplus/ (deficit) attributable to the association	89,981	(41,925)

The financial information contained in this annual report has been extracted from the Association's statutory financial report for the year ended 30 June 2017 as audited by Collins & Co.

A copy of the full statutory accounts is available upon request to AMWCHR.



Australian Muslim Women's Centre for Human Rights

Equality without Exception

Telephone 03 9481 3000 Facsimile: 03 9481 3001

Email: reception@muslimwomenscentre.org.au www.ausmuslimwomenscentre.org.au